

## Text S1

### Mathematical modeling

Our mathematical model consists of a system of coupled ordinary differential equations (ODEs) which describe the dynamic concentrations of the phosphotransfer proteins throughout the *R. sphaeroides* cell. We applied the law of mass action to the phosphotransfer reactions in Table 1 and obtained the following system of non-linear ODEs.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dA_2}{dt} = & -k_1A_2 + k_3A_{2P}Y_3 - k_{-3}A_2Y_{3P} + k_4A_{2P}Y_4 - k_{-4}A_2Y_{4P} + k_5A_{2P}Y_6 - k_{-5}A_2Y_{6P} \\ & + k_6A_{2P}B_1 - k_{-6}A_2B_{1P} + k_7A_{2P}B_2 - k_{-7}A_2B_{2P}\end{aligned}\quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dA_{2P}}{dt} = & k_1A_2 - k_3A_{2P}Y_3 + k_{-3}A_2Y_{3P} - k_4A_{2P}Y_4 + k_{-4}A_2Y_{4P} - k_5A_{2P}Y_6 + k_{-5}A_2Y_{6P} \\ & - k_6A_{2P}B_1 + k_{-6}A_2B_{1P} - k_7A_{2P}B_2 + k_{-7}A_2B_{2P}\end{aligned}\quad (2)$$

$$\frac{dA_3}{dt} = -k_2A_3 + k_8A_{3P}Y_6 - k_{-8}A_3Y_{6P} + k_9A_{3P}B_2 - k_{-9}A_3B_{2P}\quad (3)$$

$$\frac{dA_{3P}}{dt} = k_2A_3 - k_8A_{3P}Y_6 + k_{-8}A_3Y_{6P} - k_9A_{3P}B_2 + k_{-9}A_3B_{2P}\quad (4)$$

$$\frac{dY_3}{dt} = -k_3A_{2P}Y_3 + k_{-3}A_2Y_{3P} + k_{10}Y_{3P}\quad (5)$$

$$\frac{dY_{3P}}{dt} = k_3A_{2P}Y_3 - k_{-3}A_2Y_{3P} - k_{10}Y_{3P}\quad (6)$$

$$\frac{dY_4}{dt} = -k_4A_{2P}Y_4 + k_{-4}A_2Y_{4P} + k_{11}Y_{4P}\quad (7)$$

$$\frac{dY_{4P}}{dt} = k_4A_{2P}Y_4 - k_{-4}A_2Y_{4P} - k_{11}Y_{4P}\quad (8)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dY_6}{dt} = & -k_5A_{2P}Y_6 + k_{-5}A_2Y_{6P} - k_8A_{3P}Y_6 + k_{-8}A_3Y_{6P} + k_{12}Y_{6P} \\ & + k_{15a}Y_{6P}A_3 + k_{15b}Y_{6P}A_{3P}\end{aligned}\quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dY_{6P}}{dt} = & k_5A_{2P}Y_6 - k_{-5}A_2Y_{6P} + k_8A_{3P}Y_6 - k_{-8}A_3Y_{6P} - k_{12}Y_{6P} \\ & - k_{15a}Y_{6P}A_3 - k_{15b}Y_{6P}A_{3P}\end{aligned}\quad (10)$$

$$\frac{dB_1}{dt} = -k_6A_{2P}B_1 + k_{-6}A_2B_{1P} + k_{13}B_{1P}\quad (11)$$

$$\frac{dB_{1P}}{dt} = k_6A_{2P}B_1 - k_{-6}A_2B_{1P} - k_{13}B_{1P}\quad (12)$$

$$\frac{dB_2}{dt} = -k_7A_{2P}B_2 + k_{-7}A_2B_{2P} - k_9A_{3P}B_2 + k_{-9}A_3B_{2P} + k_{14}B_{2P}\quad (13)$$

$$\frac{dB_{2P}}{dt} = k_7A_{2P}B_2 - k_{-7}A_2B_{2P} + k_9A_{3P}B_2 - k_{-9}A_3B_{2P} - k_{14}B_{2P}\quad (14)$$

Here  $A_i=[\text{CheA}_i]$ ,  $A_{iP}=[\text{CheA}_{iP}]$ ,  $Y_j=[\text{CheY}_j]$ ,  $Y_{jP}=[\text{CheY}_{jP}]$ ,  $B_k=[\text{CheB}_k]$  and  $Y_{kP}=[\text{CheY}_{kP}]$

where  $i=[2,3]$ ,  $j=[3,4,6]$  and  $k=[1,2]$  with the reaction rates as given in Table S2.

In order to close the system of equations we defined a set of initial conditions:

$$\begin{aligned} A_i(\mathbf{x},0) &= A_{i0}, \quad A_{iP}(\mathbf{x},0) = 0, \quad Y_j(\mathbf{x},0) = Y_{j0}, \quad Y_{jP}(\mathbf{x},0) = 0, \\ B_k(\mathbf{x},0) &= B_{k0} \quad \text{and} \quad B_{kP}(\mathbf{x},0) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (15)$$

Here  $A_{i0}$  is the initial concentration of  $\text{CheA}_i$ ,  $Y_{j0}$  the initial concentration of  $\text{CheY}_j$  and  $B_{k0}$  the initial concentration of  $\text{CheB}_k$ . The model was populated with the experimental data in Table S2 and equations (1)-(14), along with the respective initial conditions in equation (15), were solved using an adaptive time stepping ODE solver in Matlab (ode15s) due to the stiffness of the problem.