ID	RRI	RRp	RBI	RBp	ROI	$P_{init}$	<mw></mw>
19	3	3	3	3	1	0.50	0.04
20	3	3	3	2	1	0.80	0.01
21	3	3	3	1	1	0.90	0.01
55	3	3	2	3	1	0.50	0.03
22	3	2	3	3	1	0.80	0.02
23	3	2	3	2	1	1.00	0.01
24	3	2	3	1	1	1.00	0.02
58	3	2	2	3	1	0.90	0.02
60	3	2	2	1	1	1.00	0.04
25	3	1	3	3	1	0.90	0.01
26	3	1	3	2	1	0.90	0.02
27	3	1	3	1	1	1.00	0.01
61	3	1	2	3	1	1.00	0.01
62	3	1	2	2	1	1.00	0.03
10	1	3	3	3	3	1.00	0.02
28	1	3	3	3	1	1.00	0.00
11	1	3	3	2	3	1.00	0.03
29	1	3	3	2	1	1.00	0.01
12	1	3	3	1	3	1.00	0.03
30	1	3	3	1	1	1.00	0.01
64	1	3	2	3	1	1.00	0.01
65	1	3	2	2	1	1.00	0.01
66	1	3	2	1	1	1.00	0.01
100	1	3	1	3	1	1.00	0.02
101	1	3	1	2	1	1.00	0.05
13	1	2	3	3	3	1.00	0.03
31	1	2	3	3	1	1.00	0.02
14	1	2	3	2	3	1.00	0.03
32	1	2	3	2	1	1.00	0.03
15	1	2	3	1	3	1.00	0.05
33	1	2	3	1	1	1.00	0.03
67	1	2	2	3	1	1.00	0.03
68	1	2	2	2	1	1.00	0.04
69	1	2	2	1	1	1.00	0.04
103	1	2	1	3	1	1.00	0.04
16	1	1	3	3	3	1.00	0.03
34	1	1	3	3	1	1.00	0.02
17	1	1	3	2	3	1.00	0.03
35	1	1	3	2	1	1.00	0.03
36	1	1	3	1	1	1.00	0.03
70	1	1	2	3	1	1.00	0.03
72	1	1	2	1	1	1.00	0.05

106 1 1 1 3 1 1.00 0.05

Table S3. Adhesion Scenarios Prone to Early Type 2 CNV (MW < 0.05) if CNV Initiates. A small MW indicates that most stalk cells cross the RPE and come into contact with the POS. ET2 CNV occurs primarily for three main classes of adhesion scenarios: 1) When RPE-RPE **labile adhesion** is normal (RRl = 3), **RPE-BrM labile adhesion** is normal or moderately impaired ( $RBl \ge 2$ ), and **RPE-POS labile adhesion** is severely impaired (ROl = 1). 2) When **RPE-RPE labile adhesion** is severely impaired (RRl = 1) and **RPE-BrM labile adhesion** is either normal or moderately impaired ( $RBl \ge 2$ ). 3) When **RPE-RPE**, **RPE-BrM** and **RPE-POS labile adhesion** are severely impaired (RRl = RBl = ROl = 1), and the combination of **RPE-RPE** and RPE-BrM plastic coupling satisfies RBp + RRp > 3. Unless all labile adhesions are severely impaired, impairment of either RPE-RPE or RPE-BrM plastic coupling has little effect on the average MW, though it does increase the CNV initiation probability. For example, adhesion scenarios ID: 22 and 24, which differ only in their **RPE-BrM plastic coupling**, exhibit the same mean MW; however,  $P_{\text{init}} = 0.8$  for normal **RPE-BrM plastic coupling** (ID: 22) and  $P_{\text{init}} = 1$  for severely impaired **RPE-BrM plastic coupling** (ID: 24). The **CNV** initiation probability ranges from 0.5 to 1. Key: ID: adhesion scenario ID. RRI: RPE-RPE labile adhesion strength, RRp: RPE-RPE plastic coupling strength, RBl: RPE-BrM labile adhesion strength, RBp: RPE-BrM plastic coupling strength, ROl: RPE-POS labile adhesion strength.  $P_{\text{init}}$ : CNV initiation probability.  $\langle MW \rangle$ : mean morphometric weight. Both  $\langle MW \rangle$  and  $P_{\text{init}}$ calculated from 10 simulation replicas for each adhesion scenario. Scaled adhesion strengths: 3: normal (green), 2: moderately impaired (yellow), 1: severely impaired (weak) (red). Adhesion scenarios sequentially sorted largest to smallest in order by RRl, then by RRp, then by RBl, then by *RBp* and then by *ROl*.