ID	RRI	RRp	RBI	RBp	ROI	P _{init}	S11 Probability
3	3	3	3	1	3	0.30	1.00
41	3	2	2	2	3	1.00	1.00
80	3	1	1	2	3	1.00	0.90
79	3	1	1	3	3	1.00	0.90
77	3	2	1	2	3	1.00	0.90
76	3	2	1	3	3	1.00	0.90
74	3	3	1	2	3	1.00	0.90
73	3	3	1	3	3	1.00	0.90
39	3	3	2	1	3	1.00	0.90
38	3	3	2	2	3	0.90	0.90

Table S5. Adhesion Scenarios Prone to Stable Type 1 CNV (S11 CNV Probability > 0.9). Adhesion scenarios that develop Early Type 1 CNV (ET1 CNV, MW > 75%) in which CNV remains confined to the sub-RPE space (Late Type 1 CNV, MW > 75%). S11 CNV occurs primarily when RPE-BrM labile adhesion is moderately to severely impaired, RPE-BrM plastic coupling satisfies $3 \le RBl + RBp \le 4$, and both RPE-RPE and RPE-POS labile adhesion are normal (RRl = 3 and ROl = 3). However, adhesion scenario ID: 3 belongs to a separate class. The CNV initiation probability ranges from 0.3 to 1. Key: ID: adhesion scenario ID. RRl: RPE-RPE labile adhesion strength, RRp: RPE-RPE plastic coupling strength, RRp: RPE-BrM labile adhesion strength, RRp: RPE-BrM plastic coupling strength, ROl: RPE-POS labile adhesion strength. P_{init} : CNV initiation probability. S11 probability: Probability of occurrence S11 CNV. Both S11 probability and P_{init} are calculated from 10 simulation replicas for each adhesion scenario. Scaled adhesion strengths: 3: normal (green), 2: moderately impaired (yellow), 1: severely impaired (weak) (red). Adhesion scenarios sequentially sorted largest to smallest in order by RRl, then by RRp, then by RRp, then by RRp and then by ROl.